



Western Civilization since 1500



Wayne E. Sirmon

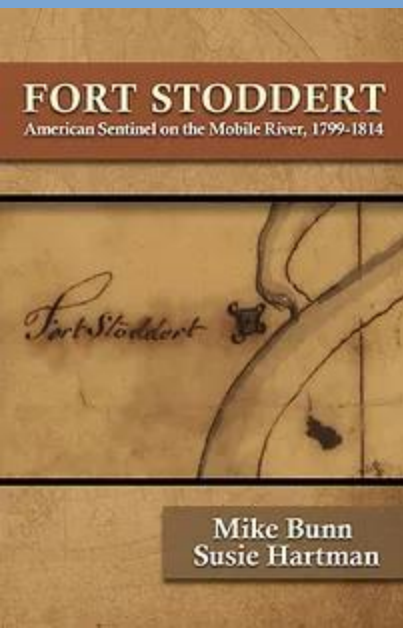
HI 102 – Western Civilization

History 102

Western Civilization from 1500

Feb. 5	Chapter 19 Online Quiz
Feb. 13	MARDI GRAS DAY – No Class Art. 2 Approval Deadline <i>Don't wait until the last minute!</i>
Feb. 14	Chapters 20 & 21 Online Quiz
Feb. 20	Article Review 2 – DUE
Feb. 21	Chapter 22 Online Quiz
Feb. 27	EXAM 2 (Chapters 19-22)

SAVE THE DATE



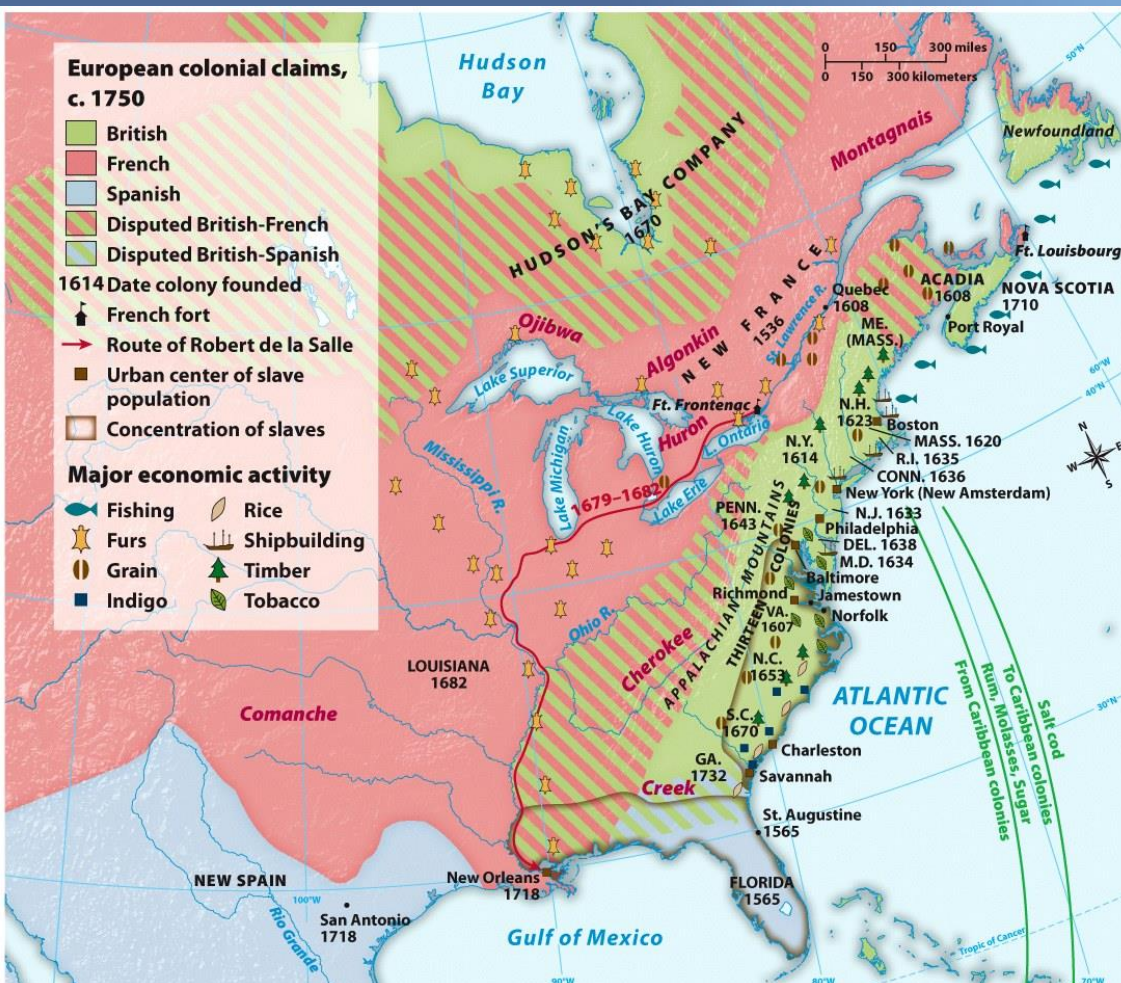
**Mike Bunn will be speaking about
Fort Stoddert
Historic Oakleigh House
Thursday, February 15th, 2024
6 pm.
Admission \$10 – FREE to HI102**



Chapter 19: French Revolution & Napoleon

Growth and Change:

British & French North America



1585 – Roanoke

1607 – Jamestown

1608 – Quebec

1609 – New Amsterdam

1620 – Plymouth Colony

1626 – Salem, MA

1670 – Charleston, SC

1702 – Mobile

1718 – New Orleans

1733 – Savannah, GA

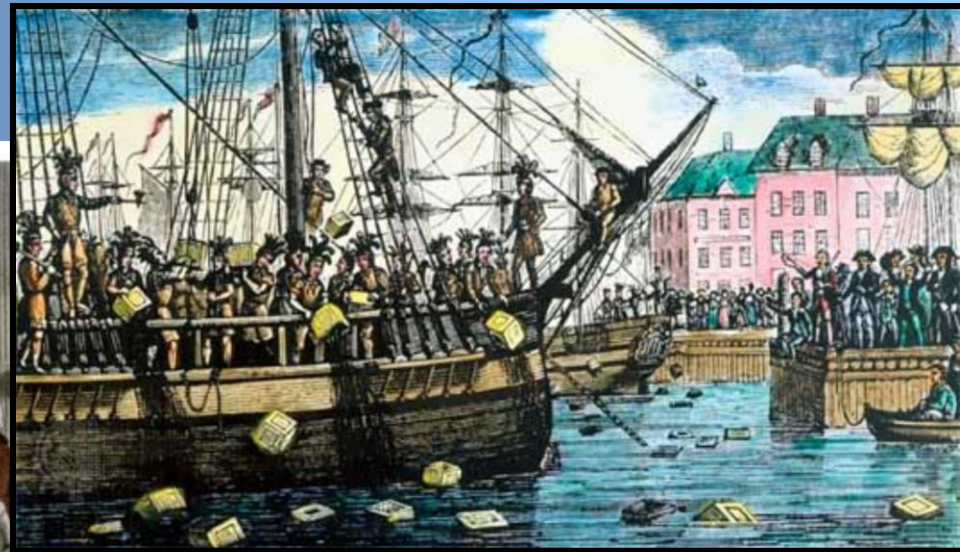
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Rebellion in America:

fundamental differences

lack of a rigid system of estates/privilege

war for independence & political revolution



Pay for F&I War

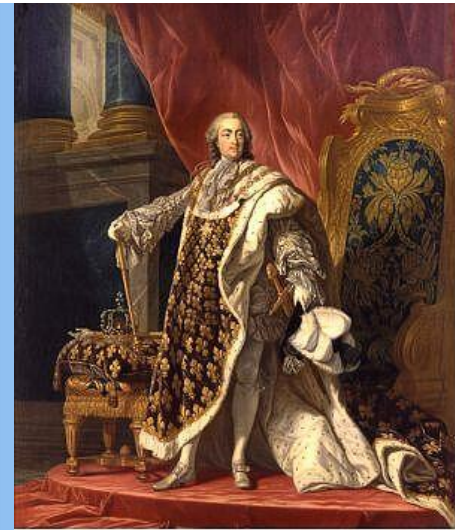
Cost of troops to protect colonies

Support benefits of British empire

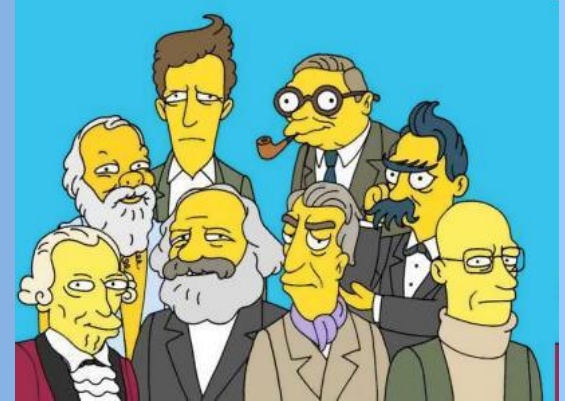
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Ancien Régime in France

Henry IV	<i>Good King Henry</i>	1589-1610
Louis XIII	<i>the Just</i>	1610-1643
Louis XIV	<i>the Sun King</i>	1643-1715
Louis XV	<i>the Beloved</i>	1715-1774
Louis XVI	<i>the Last</i>	1774-1792



Chapter 19: French Revolution & Napoleon



Origins of the French Revolution:

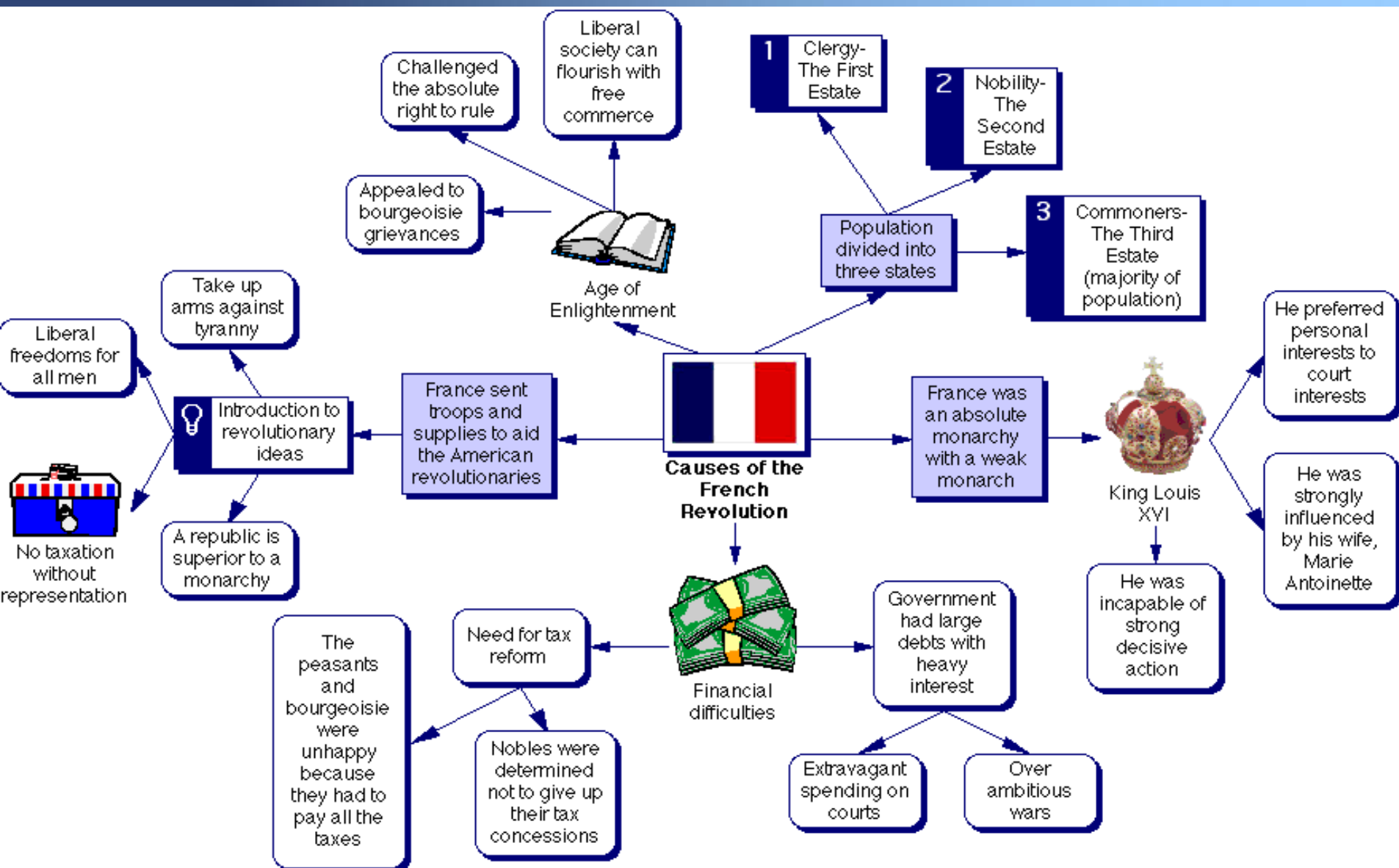
weak leadership of Louis XVI

writings of the *philosophes*

deficit financing (1/2 budget to service debt)

NOT class conflict (Marxist idea)

Chapter 19: French Revolution & Napoleon



Chapter 19: French Revolution & Napoleon

The Estates

1st Estate	CLERGY 00.5%
2nd Estate	NOBILITY 01.5%
3d Estate	COMMONERS 98.0%



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Assembly of Notables – February 1787

(150 influential men)

Called to discuss/support tax plan (which had not receive court approval)
denounce idea and demand a meeting of Estates General

Estates General – first in 175 years

1st Estate

206 parish priests
85 higher clergy

2nd Estate

270 nobility

3rd Estate

578

200 lawyers

3 priests

11 nobles

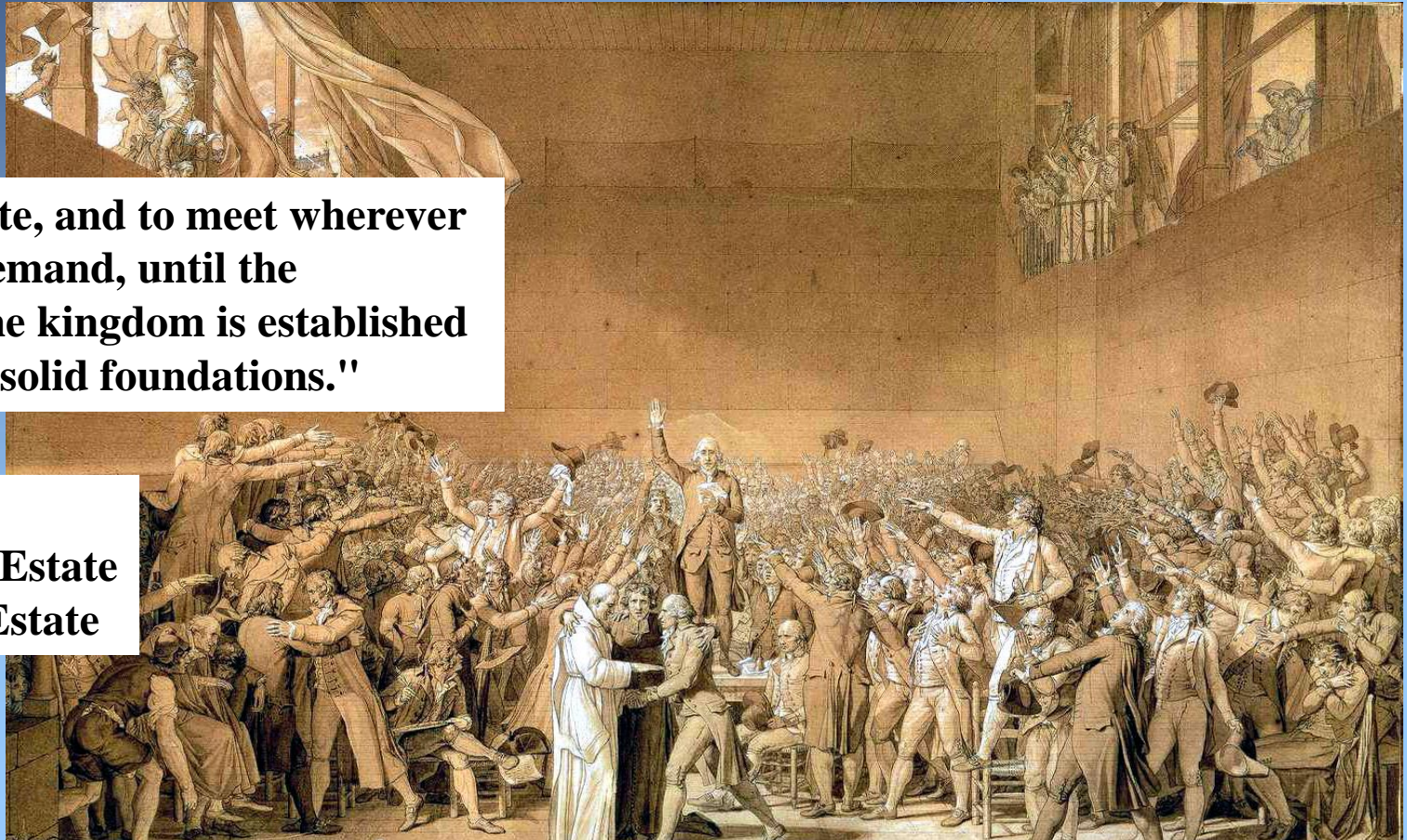


May 1789

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“The assembled nation cannot receive orders.”

Louis XVI backs down and there is a non-violent, “legal” revolution...



"never to separate, and to meet wherever circumstances demand, until the constitution of the kingdom is established and affirmed on solid foundations."

Oath signed by
576 of 577 of 3rd Estate
and a few of 1st Estate

Tennis Court Oath – June 20, 1789

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Tennis Court Oath – June 20, 1789

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Louis XVI backs down, but...
He commands an army of 107
regiments.

Orders troops to move to the Paris area.



20,000 royal troops – July, 1789

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Louis XVI backs down, but...

Crop failures and grain shortages almost doubled the price of flour and bread.

Unemployed vagrants filled the roads.



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“Mob rule equals a national holiday”

**July 11 – fire Necker
(Finance Minister)**

**July 12 – excite the mob
army holds fire**

**July 13 – ransack St. Lazare
take 52 wagons of wheat**

**July 14 – attack Bastille fortress
30,000 lb. of gunpowder**



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“Mob rule equals a national holiday – July 14, 1798”

Attack Bastille fortress 30,000 lb. of gunpowder

**7 prisoners – 4 forgers, 2 noblemen
with immoral behavior, 1 murder suspect**

**98 attackers and 1 defender killed during
Several hours of combat.**

**Commander orders a cease fire.
He is beaten, stabbed and decapitated.**



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“Viva la Nation”

“Vive le Roi”

**LaFayette commands
National Guard**

**July 17 - Louis XVI visits Paris
accepts a tricolore
cockade**



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The Reconstruction of France

Louie and Marie's Dash for Freedom

June 21, 1791

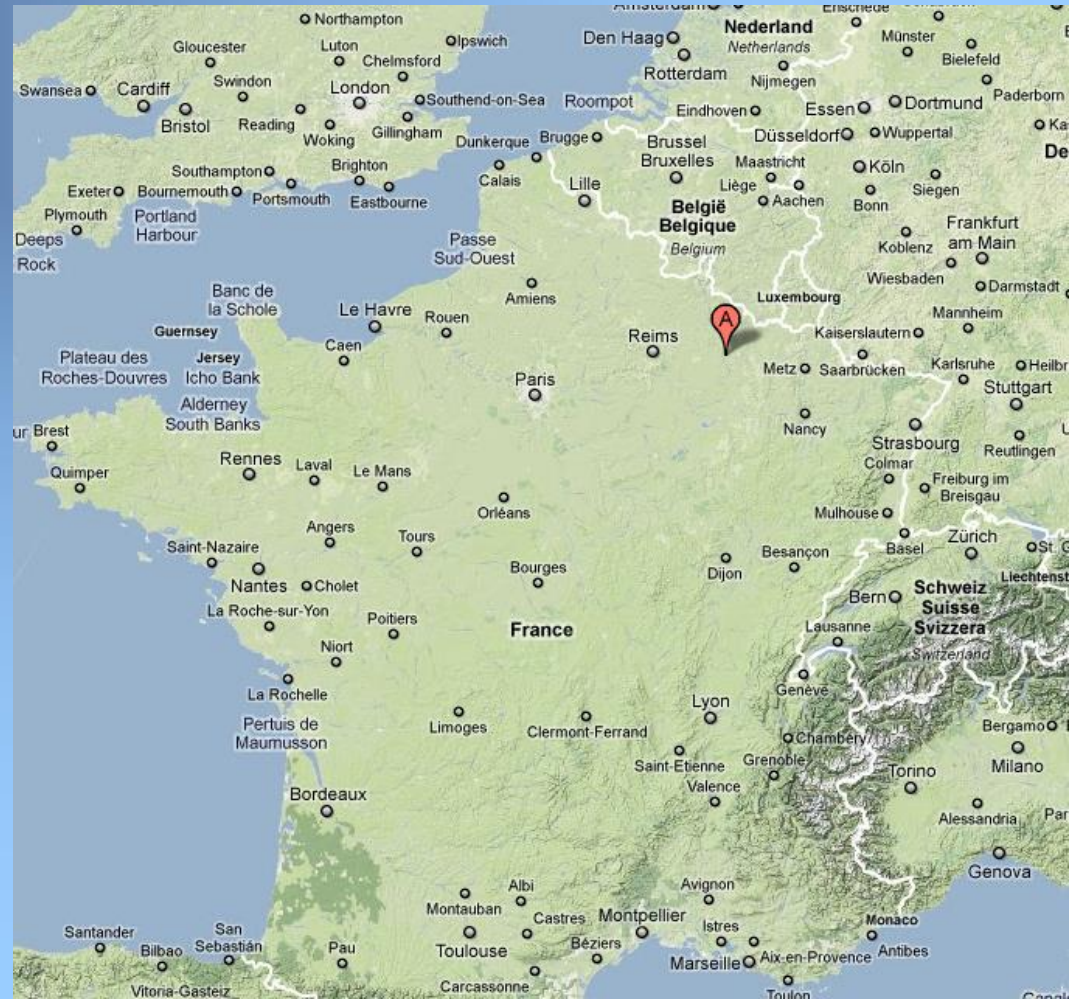
Royal Family

“attacked” at Versailles

“Moved” back to Paris

Louis XVI “depressed”

***Detailed plans to
raise “armed congress”, return
and return to power***



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The Reconstruction of France

**Louie and Marie's
Dash for Freedom**



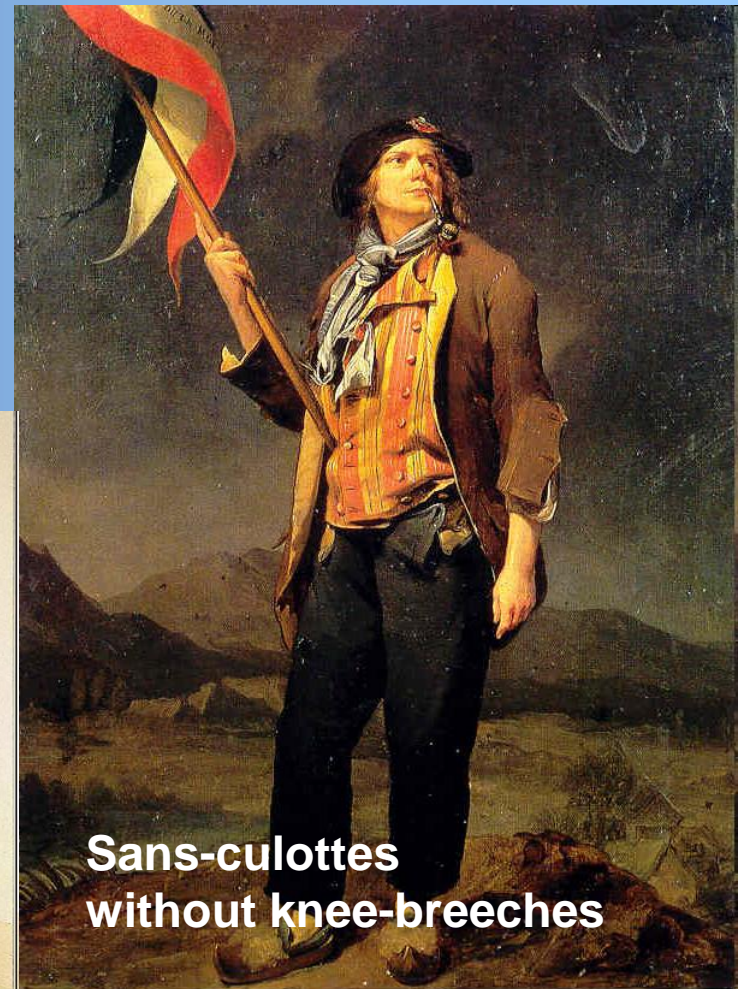
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The Second Revolution

1792

From broad equality

**To terror against
“enemies of the people”**



**Sans-culottes
without knee-breeches**

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The Second Revolution

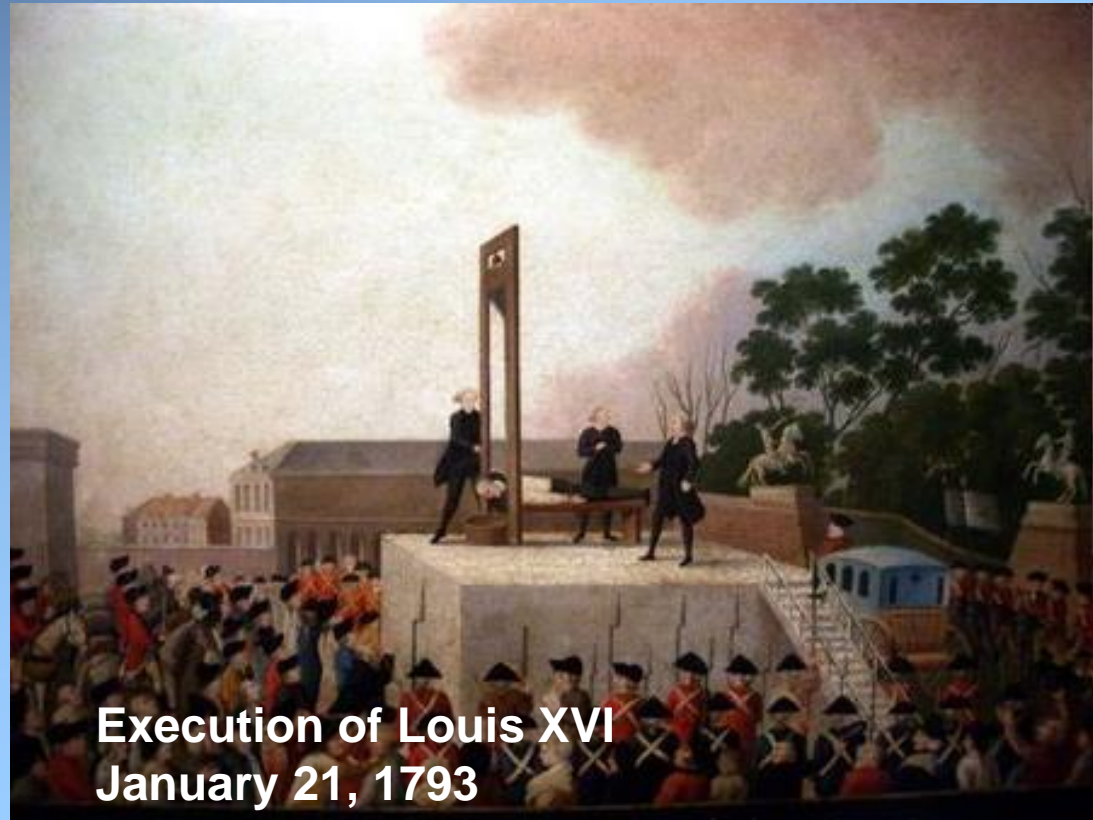
1792

From Constitutional Monarch To Regicide

**“High Treason and
Crimes against the State”
693-0 (23 abstain, 26 absent)
93%**

**Death Penalty
361 to 360
(288 prison/exile+72 death w/ reprieve)
(50.07%)**

**“no compromise with
Counterrevolution”**



**Execution of Louis XVI
January 21, 1793**

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The Second Revolution

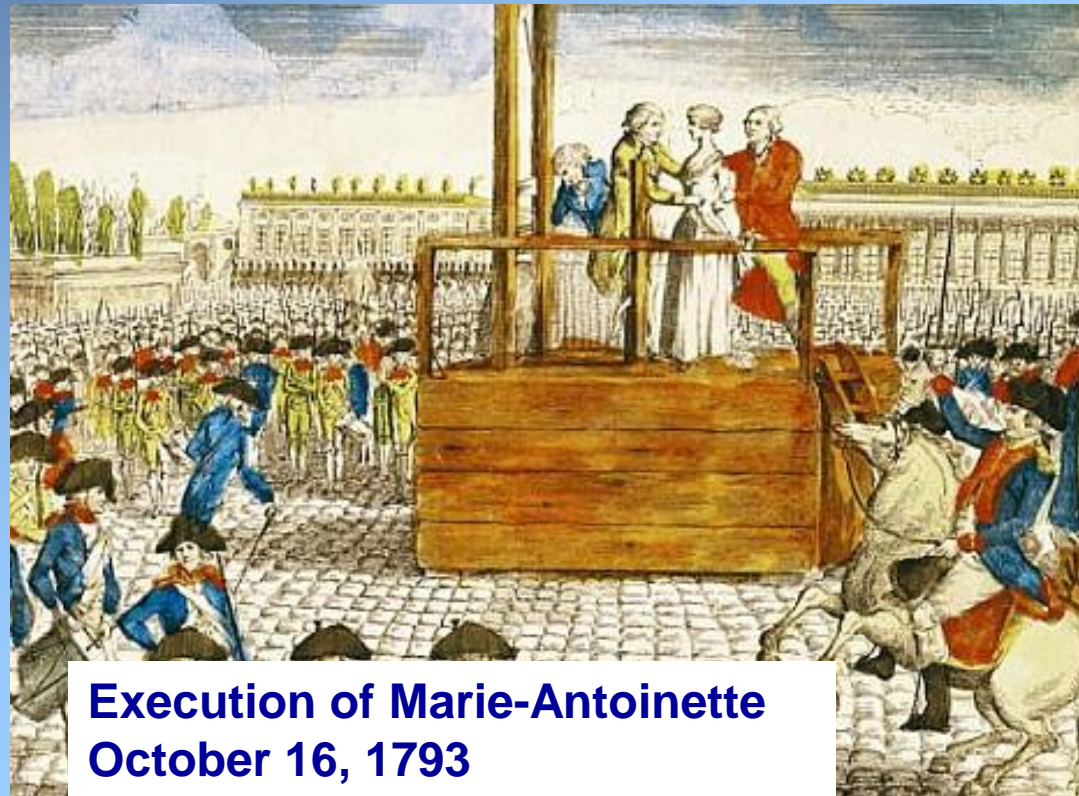
1793

Marie-Antoinette

Oct. 3 National Convention ordered immediate trial by the Revolutionary Tribunal

“squandering of public money & secret contributions to her brother the Austrian emperor”

12 man jury returned guilty verdict. The only sentence was death and there was no right to appeal.



**Execution of Marie-Antoinette
October 16, 1793**

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The Second Revolution

1793

“public safety”

Price controls,
execution of hoarders &
speculators,
force requisitions of grain

Moderate republicans purged
from Convention

23 deputies expelled, tried,
executed for treason



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The Second Revolution

June 1793 – July 1794

Jacobin Dictatorship

“Committee of Public Safety”

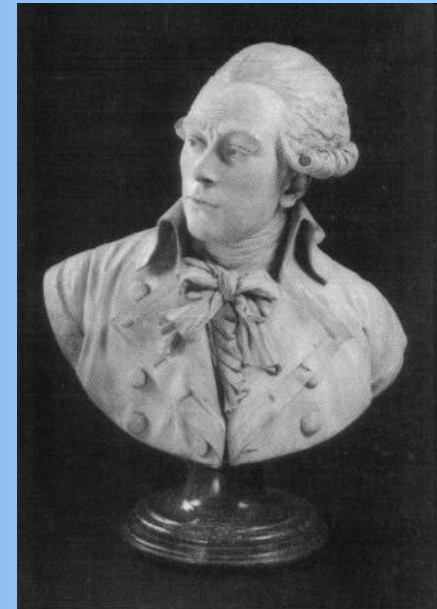
Maximilien Robespierre – the Reign of Terror’s 12th man

A state of mind that saw threats and plots everywhere.

Refractory priests banned from the Republic

300,000 ordinary citizens jailed under the “Law of Suspects”

16,000-40,000 executed by the Guillotine for “crimes against liberty”



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The Second Revolution

1793
Vendee

“Catholic and Royalist Army”

**“There is no more Vendee. It died
with its wives and its children by our
free sabres... Mercy is not a
revolutionary sentiment.”**

- Gen. Westermann

**(At least 117,000 killed - 14% of
population - between 1792-1802)**



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The Second Revolution

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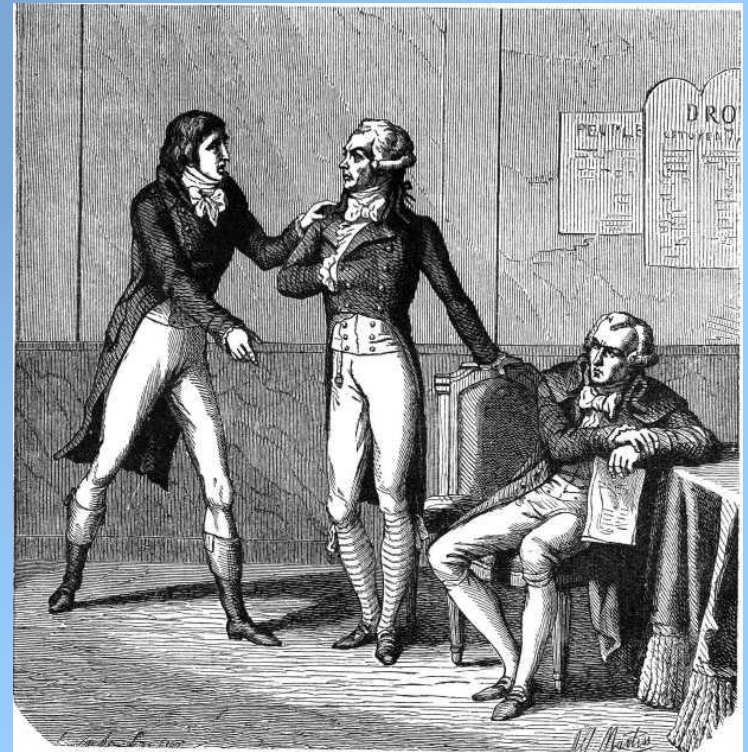
The Second Revolution

Ending the Terror & Robespierre

Law of 22 Prairial (June 10, 1794)
Court of Condemnation
(no need for witnesses)

**Cult of the Supreme Being –
beyond deism**

**“He did not create kings to devour the human
race. He did not create priests to harness us,
like vile animals, to the chariots of kings...”**



Robespierre et ses amis Saint-Just et Couthon.

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The Second Revolution

Ending the Terror & Robespierre

July 28, 1794

Maximilien François Marie Isidore de Robespierre
was guillotined without trial.



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9 Thermidor year II (July 27, 1794)

Thermidorian Reaction

Execution of Robespierre, etc.
“White Terror”

Rescind economic controls
high inflation

Another poor harvest
monsieur or madame
not “citizen”



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The Directory (1795-99)

Another constitution (1795)

*5 man executive branch
(The Directory = Directors)*

Fear of Royalist resurgence



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The Directory (1795-99)

Military Success -

Northern Italy (Austria)

Sister republics

Invasion of Egypt, 1798



MAP 20.3 French Expansion, 1791-1799

Systeme International d'unités



Metric System

1586 - Simon Stevin
“De Thiende (the 10th)

1668 – John Wilkins
Royal Society

1791 - French
“pure reason”

**1799 - “for all men,
for all time”**



Standardization



Decimal Time

5 October 1793

French Republican Calendar

New Year - autumnal equinox

12 months of 30 days

10 days in “week”(decades)

5 extra days at the end of each year were national holidays

Abolished by Napoleon 1 Jan 1806



Decimal Time

5 October 1793

Autumn:

Vendémiaire ("grape harvest")

Brumaire ("fog")

Frimaire ("frost")

Winter:

Nivôse ("snow")

Pluviôse ("rain")

Ventôse ("wind")

Spring:

Germinal ("germination")

Floréal ("flowering")

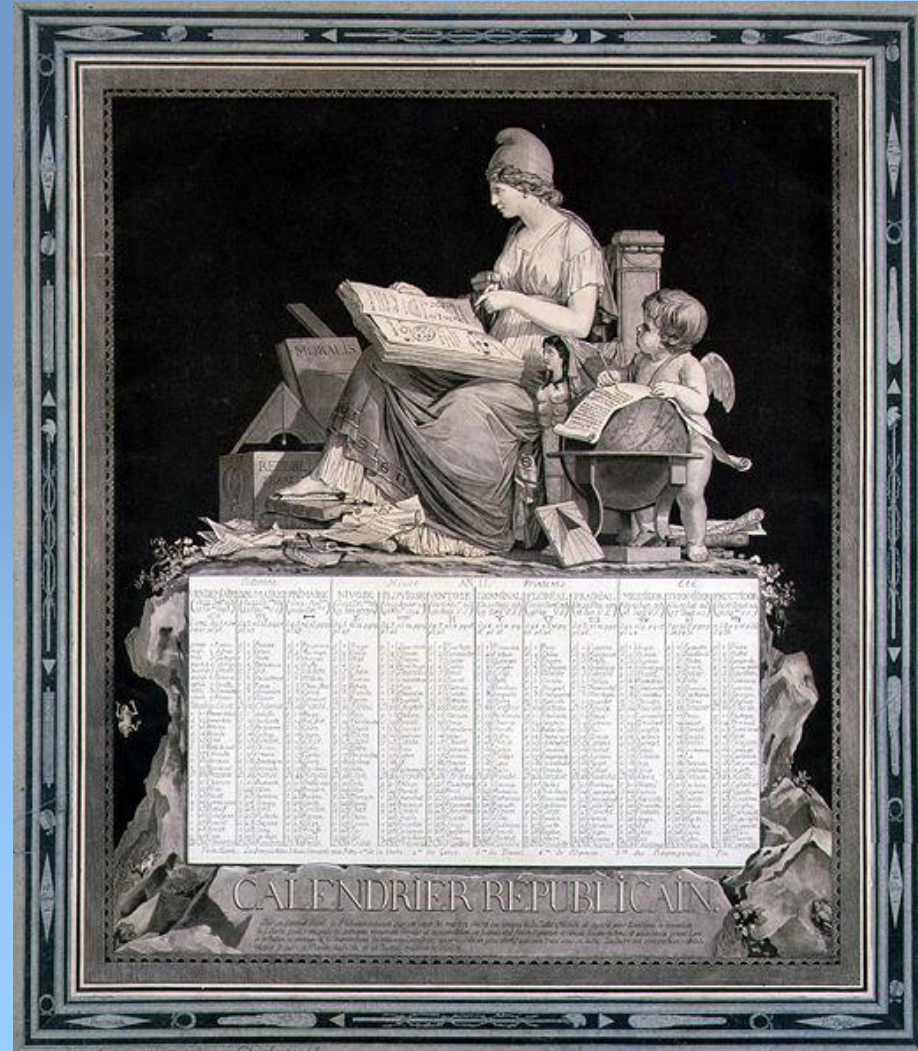
Prairial ("pasture")

Summer:

Messidor ("harvest")

Thermidor ("heat")

Fructidor ("fruit")



Decimal Time

5 October 1793

A Ten Hour Day

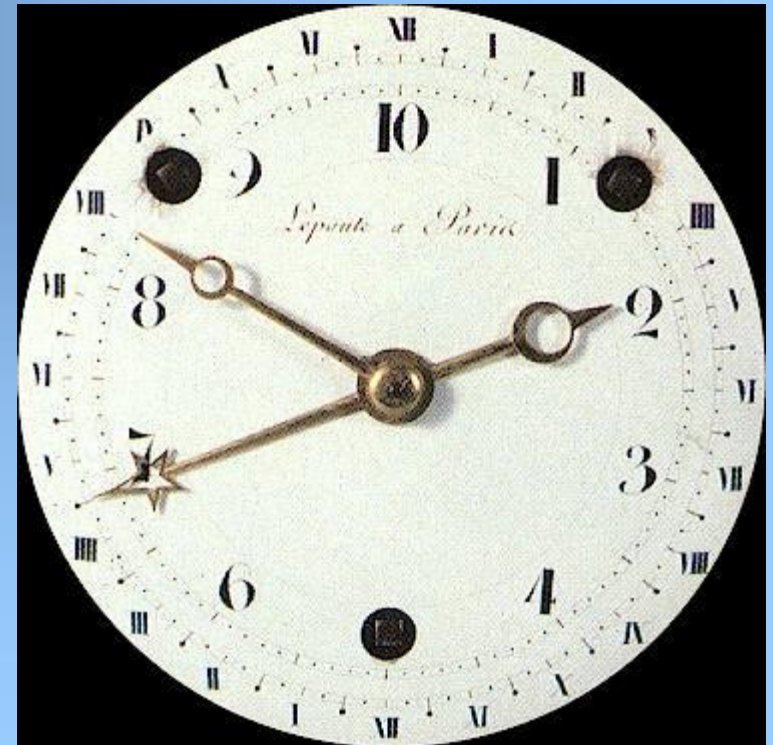
100 seconds = 1 minute

100 minutes = 1 hour

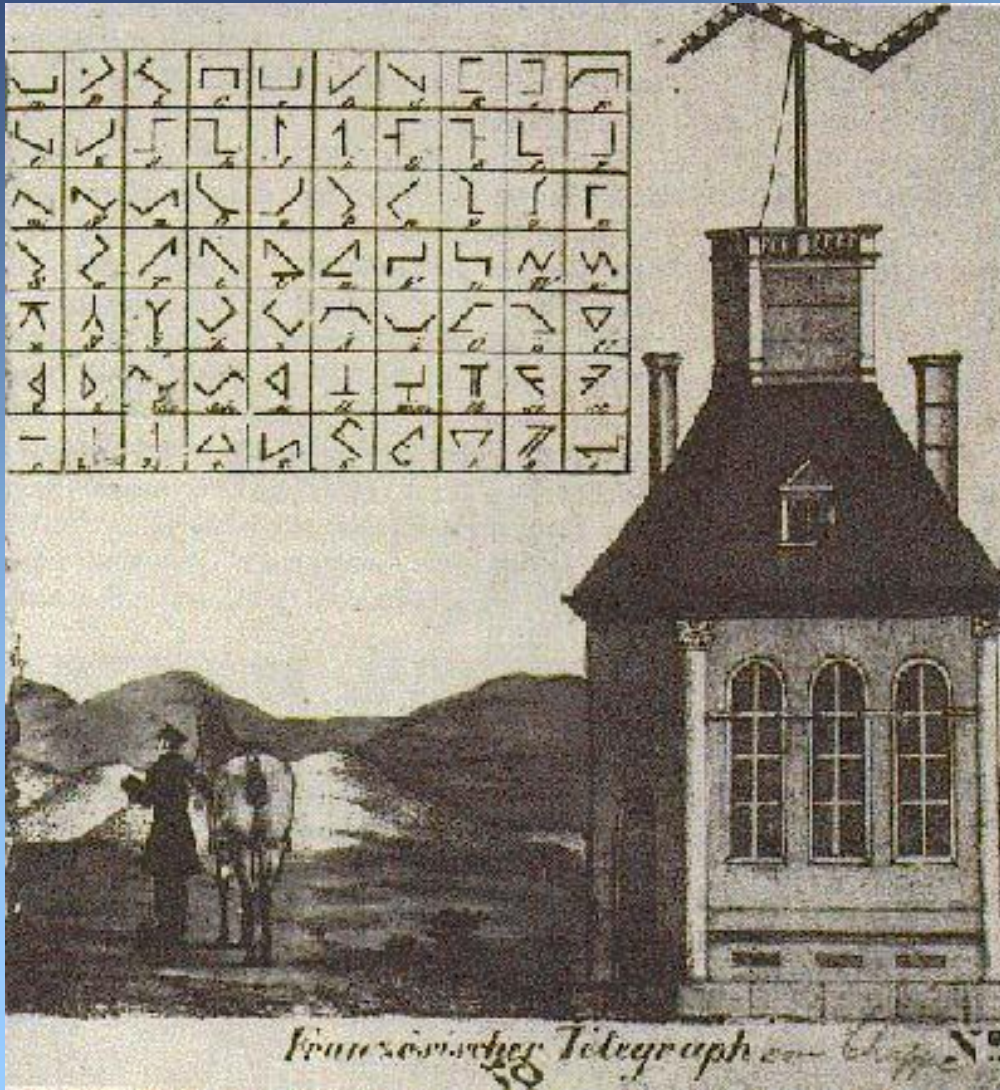
10 hours = 1 day

Suspended 7 April 1795

86,400 sec/day
vs
100,000 "sec"/day



Optical Telegraph



1793 – Claude Chappe
27 word message
3 stations/20 miles 11
minutes

1794 – 15 stations 130
miles

1830s – 1,000 stations
8,000 miles



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Courage isn't having the strength to go on - it is going on when you don't have strength.

~ Napoleon Bonaparte