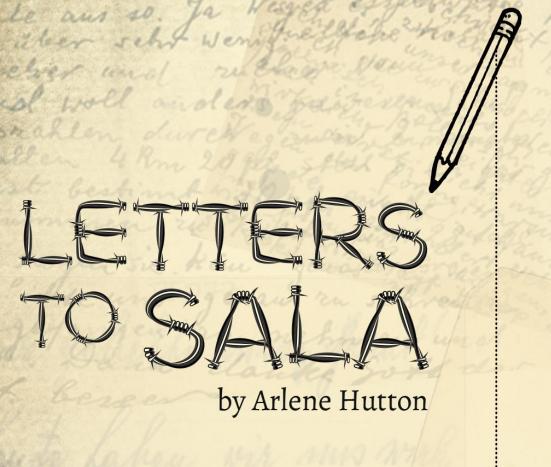


# World History since 1500



Wayne E. Sirmon
HI 104 – World History



ALABAMA SCHOOL of THE ARTS

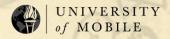
ROGER BRELAND CENTER FOR PERFORMING ARTS

-presents-

Stewart Hawley • Director

### JAN 25-27 AT 7 PM JAN 28 AT 3 PM

University of Mobile
College Woods Auditorium
\$20 General Admission/\$10 Student
UMOBILE.EDU/PAS



Purchase a ticket, attend a performance, write 200 word summary and impression. Receive 10 points of extra credit and get your \$10 back.

# History 102 Western Civilization from 1500

Jan. 26 Online Quiz Ch 18

Jan. 30 <u>Exam One</u> – Ch. 15-18

Feb. 13 MARDI GRAS DAY – No Class

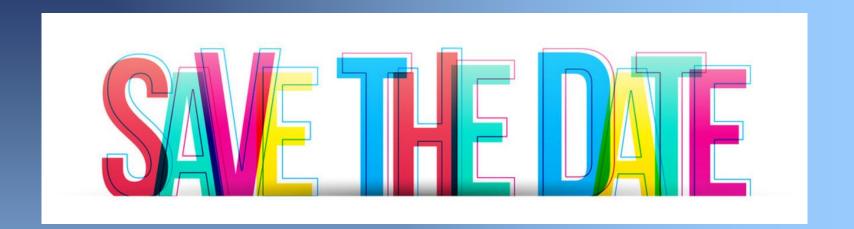
**Art. 2 Approval Deadline** 

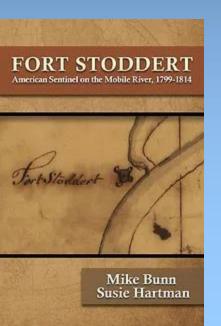
Don't wait until the last minute!

Feb. 20 Article Review 2 – DUE

Feb. 27 EXAM 2 (Chapters 19-22)

### **History 102** — Western Civilization from 1500





Mike Bunn will be speaking about
Fort Stoddert
Historic Oakleigh House
Thursday, February 15th, 2024
6 pm.
Admission \$10 – FREE to HI102



# **Enlightened Absolutism**

Absolutists in the 18<sup>th</sup> century attempted to apply the principles of the Enlightenment in their kingdoms.





Principles of "natural laws and rights"

**Equality before the law** 

Freedom of religious worship (but not religion)

Freedom of speech and press

Right to assemble, own property, and seek happiness

Wars & Diplomacy

The War of the Austrian Succession

Again – the king has no son (Austria)

WHAT! Another daughter takes the throne

8 years, 750,000 dead or wounded Prussia "clearest" winner

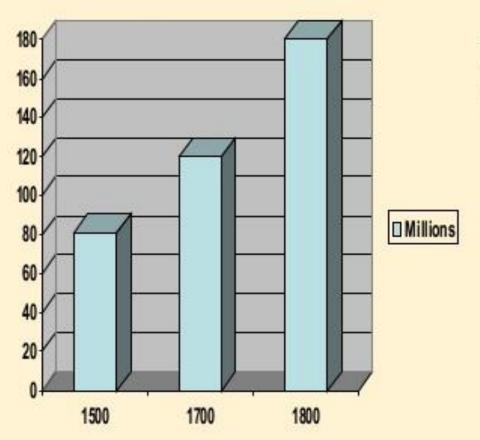
# Wars & Diplomacy

The Seven Years' War Churchill calls it the First World War

We call it the French and Indian War complex series of colonial land exchanges with Britain getting the best end of the deal

800,000+ dead

# Population Growth in Europe



Rapidly growing population due to Columbian Exchange

- Better nutrition
- High calorie foods like the potato replaces bread as staple of diet
- Epidemic disease decline by mid-17th century

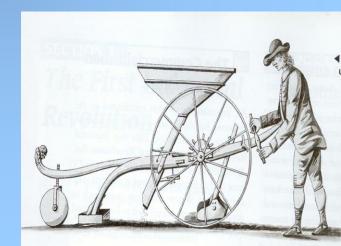
More people means more food

More land & more under cultivation

**New crops** 

Better climate – longer, and milder

More animals = more fertilizer



### Textiles lead to the industrial revolution

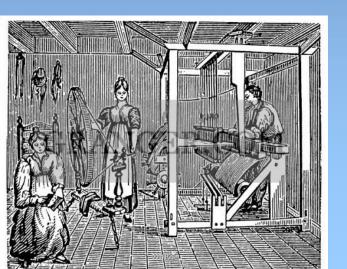
Wool sheep England

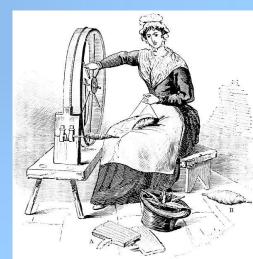
Cotton plants India

Linen flax Northern Europe

Silk silk worms China

Cotton and Linen combine to produce Velvet Kazakhstan now world leading producer of flax



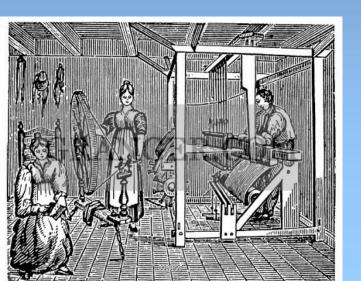


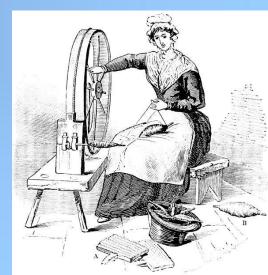
### Textiles lead to the industrial revolution

**Putting-out Domestic system** 

**Cottage Industry** 

A way to make farming pay





#### **History 102** — Western Civilization from 1500

# EXAM ONE: Chapters 15-18

#### History 102, Exam #1 Study Guide Spring 2024 W. E. Sirmon, U of Mobile

Be prepared to identify (who, what, when, where) and describe the historical significance of the following terms. Review your text Chapters 15-18 and class notes/presentations. Study maps are available at the course website and in your text.

Thirty Years War

Revolution of Military Affairs Witches and witch-hunts Edict of Fontainebleau

Louis XIV

The Sun King / "I am the State"

Versailles and court life

Absolutism James II

the Glorious Revolution

William & Mary

Nicolas Copernicus / Copernican Revolution

Natural Philosophy Galileo Galilei Scientific Revolution Knowledge vs. Wisdom

Isaac Newton, Principia Mathematica

Montaigne / skepticism

The Enlightenment

Philosophes

Thomas Hobbes, Leviathan

John Locke, *Two Treatises on Government* Population growth and demographics

Adam Smith, The Wealth of Nations

Laissez-faire

Deism

Cosmopolitan High Culture

Salons, Freemasons, Academies

Popular Culture

Feasts, Fairs, Carnival

Journals, Newspapers and "bad books"

Rousseau, The Social Contract

Literacy in the age of enlightenment

Pogroms Pietism

Social/Civic Role of the Church

John Wesley Enlightened Primogeniture

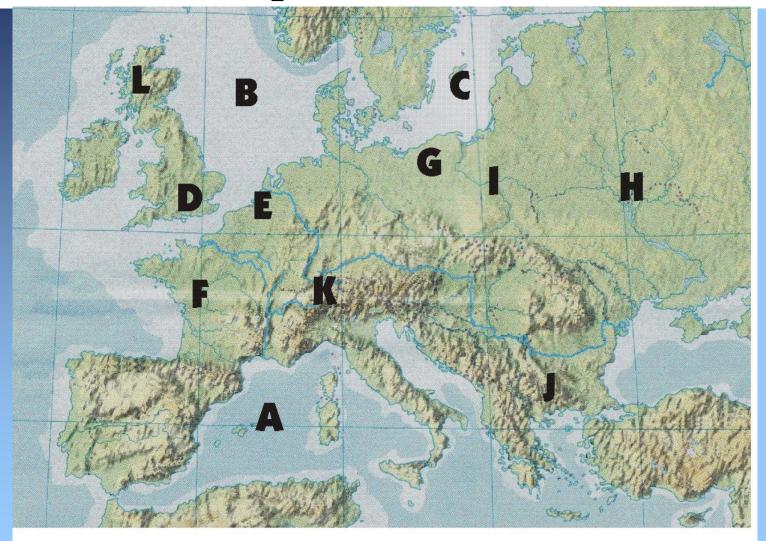
Agricultural revolution

Enclosure acts
Cottage industry

Map – Be prepared to identify the APPROXIMATE locations of the following:

- (a) Countries England, the Netherlands, France, Prussia, Russia, Poland, Ottoman Empire, Switzerland, Scotland
- (b) geographic features -, Mediterranean Sea, North Sea, Baltic Sea,

# EXAM ONE: Chapters 15-18



Mediterranean Sea, North Sea, Baltic Sea, England, the Netherlands, France, Prussia, Russia, Poland, Ottoman Empire, Switzerland, Scotland